

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS THEREON

JUNE 30, 2009

CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Management's Discussion and Analysis	1 – 7
Report of Independent Auditor's on Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information	8 – 9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Notes to Financial Statements	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 – 23
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Revenue Fund	24 2 5
Report of Independent Auditor's on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	26 – 27
Additional Information Required by Rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.850, <i>Audits</i> of <i>Charter Schools and Similar Entities</i> :	
Management Letter	28 – 30

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the annual financial report of Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc. (the "School") presents management's discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School's total net assets increased compared to the prior year.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the School's revenues exceeded expenses by \$158,467. This is a decrease from the prior year, when revenues exceeded expenses by \$250,641.
- Revenues decreased by approximately \$222,000, or 5%, and expenses decreased by approximately \$130,000, or 3%, from the prior year. These decreases are primarily due to a slight decrease in student enrollment, as well as administration and support during fiscal 2009.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School, reporting the School's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The *governmental funds* financial statements tell how general school services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

This document also includes the independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control required by *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as the management letter required by the Rules of the Florida Auditor General, Chapter 10.850, *Audits of Charter Schools and Similar Entities*.

The following table summarizes the major features of the School's financial statements, including the portion of the School they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		Fund Statements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire School	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance sheet – governmental fund Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental funds
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the School's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the School's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the School's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall financial position of the School, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the School's student base.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are generally divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities most of the School's basic services are included here, such as instruction and school administration. Funds received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities in certain instances, the School may charge fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The School currently has no business-type activities.
- Component units there currently are no component units included within the reporting entity
 of the School.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. A fund is a self-balancing set of accounts which the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by state law, and the School may establish other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as for federal grants.

The School has one kind of fund:

• Governmental funds – most of the School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the differences between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

The School's combined net assets for 2009 and 2008 are summarized as follows (see table below):

	Government	Increase		
	2009	2008	(Decrease)	
Current and other assets	\$ 2,102,660	\$ 1,750,150	20%	
Capital assets, net	3,068	6,642		
Total assets	2,105,728	1,756,792	20%	
Current and other liabilities	1,106,587	916,118	21%	
Total liabilities	1,106,587	916,118	21%	
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets	3,068	6,642	-54%	
Restricted for capital projects	43,927	29,795	47%	
Unrestricted	952,146	804,237	18%	
Total net assets	\$ 999,141	\$ 840,674	19%	

Current and other assets increased primarily due to an increase in cash as a result of the current year excess of revenues over expenses. The increase in current and other liabilities is due to an increase in the amount due to the District School Board of Lake County, Florida (the "School Board") for school payroll and related costs, which is the result of the timing of payments near year-end. The fluctuation in net assets from the prior fiscal year is due to the current year operating surplus.

Change in Net Assets

The School's total revenues decreased by 5% to \$4,352,266, and the total cost of all programs and services decreased by 3% to \$4,193,799 (see table below).

	Governmental Activities				Increase
	2009			2008	(Decrease)
Revenues:			***************************************		
Federal sources passed through local					
school district	\$ 2	287,200	\$	249,843	15%
State and local sources	3,9	952,865		4,113,871	-4%
Contributions and other revenue		12,201		210,230	-47%
Total revenues	4,3	352,266		4,573,944	5%
Expenses:					
Instruction and instruction-related services	2,9	74,039		2,967,392	0%
Board		19,866		20,743	-4%
School administration	5	503,644		577,859	-13%
Pupil transportation services	2	273,533		295,340	-7%
Operation of plant	3	310,778		318,450	-2%
Community services and food services	1	11,939		143,519	-22%
Total expenses	4,1	93,799		4,323,303	3%
Change in net assets	\$ 1	58,467	\$	250,641	-37%

Revenues from state and local sources, which constitutes approximately 91% of total revenues, decreased due to a decrease of approximately 5% in state and local per student funding while full-time equivalent students enrollment remained generally consistent. Revenues from state and local sources would have decreased by additional amounts in fiscal 2009 if not for the anticipated federal stimulus funds granted to the State of Florida. The School received additional federal sources in fiscal 2009 compared to 2008. Contributions and other revenue decreased due to a decrease in internal account revenues as a result of fewer fundraising activities.

Total expenses decreased 3% from 2008 to 2009. Instruction and instruction-related expenses remained relatively consistent between years. Board expenses decreased primarily due to a decrease in purchased services. Expenses for school administration decreased primarily due to a decrease in salaries and related expenses for administrative positions. Pupil transportation services decreased as a result of fewer students using the service. Community service expenses decreased due to decreased internal account expenses during fiscal year 2009 as a result of fewer fundraising activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

As the School completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,234,550, which is an increase from the prior year.

General fund revenues decreased by approximately \$259,000, and total expenditures decreased by approximately \$190,000. These decreases were largely due to decreases in state and local sources and various expenditures as discussed above.

General and Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School revised its budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories:

- Amendments and supplemental appropriations approved shortly after the beginning of the year to reflect the actual beginning account balances.
- Changes made during the year to account for variations in student enrollment and an anticipated increase in costs.
- Increases in appropriations to prevent budget overruns.

With these adjustments, actual general fund revenues were not significantly different from the final budget amounts. Actual general fund expenditures were approximately \$479,000 below final budgeted amounts. This was primarily due to lower instructional, administration, transportation and plant expenditures which were included in the final budget.

The special revenue fund revenues and expenditures were approximately \$44,000 below final budget. Revenues under federal grants are only recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

At the end of fiscal 2009, the School had invested \$188,895 in a broad range of capital assets, including furniture, fixtures and equipment (see table below).

	Governmen	Governmental Activities	
	2009	2008	(Decrease)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$188,895	\$188,895	0%
Total capital assets	\$188,895	\$188,895	0%

The School's fiscal year 2010 capital budget includes approximately \$41,000 in spending related to capital projects, principally for remodeling. More detailed information about the School's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

When adopting the general fund budget for fiscal year 2010, the School expects student enrollment to remain constant compared to 2009. Also, the School anticipates that federal stimulus funds for fiscal 2010 will offset any state and local revenue source decreases.

Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund are \$4,057,947, a decrease of less than 1% over the final 2009 actual revenues of \$4,065,066. Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase to \$4,019,860, an increase of approximately 4% over final 2009 actual expenditures of \$3,880,497. The increase is primarily due to an increase in total School personnel. The School has added no major new programs to the fiscal 2010 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the School's general fund balance is expected to increase modestly by the close of fiscal 2010.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide interested parties with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. Should additional information be required, please contact the School's administrative offices at 44440 Spring Creek Road, Paisley, Florida 32767.



Report of Independent Auditor's on Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

To the Board of Directors of Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc., a Charter School and Component Unit of the District School Board of Lake County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc. (the "School"), a charter school and component unit of the District School Board of Lake County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc. as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2009 on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 1-7 and the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 24-25 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Winter Park, Florida

BKHM, P.A.

September 25, 2009

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,097,441
Accounts receivable	5,219
Capital assets:	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	188,895
Less accumulated depreciation	(185,827)
Total capital assets, net	3,068
Total assets	\$ 2,105,728
LIABILITIES	
Due to the District School Board of Lake County, Florida	\$ 868,110
Compensated absences payable	238,477
Total liabilities	1,106,587
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	3,068
Restricted for capital projects	59,885
Unrestricted	936,188
Total net assets	999,141
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,105,728

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

				Prog	ram Revenu	es		•	Net (Expense) Changes in	
	Expenses		ges for	Gr	perating ants and atributions	Gran	ipital its and ibutions		overnmental Activities	Total
Governmental activities:										
Instruction	\$ 2,554,067	\$	-	\$	230,957	\$	-	\$	(2,323,110)	\$ (2,323,110)
Pupil personnel services	236,543		-		38,360		-		(198,183)	(198,183)
Instructional media	69,418		-		-		-		(69,418)	(69,418)
Curriculum development	94,263		-		7,940		-		(86,323)	(86,323)
Instructional staff training	19,748		-		3,889		-		(15,859)	(15,859)
Board	19,866		-		-		-		(19,866)	(19,866)
School administration	503,644		-		4,916		-		(498,728)	(498,728)
Food services	2,580		-		-		-		(2,580)	(2,580)
Pupil transportation services	273,533		-		-		-		(273,533)	(273,533)
Operation of plant	310,778		-		-		-		(310,778)	(310,778)
Community services	109,359		-		1,138				(108,221)	 (108,221)
Total primary government	\$ 4,193,799	\$		\$	287,200	\$	-		(3,906,599)	 (3,906,599)
Ge	neral revenues:									
	State and local so	urces							3,952,865	3,952,865
	Contributions and	other r	evenue						112,201	 112,201
	Total general re	evenue	s						4,065,066	 4,065,066
	Change in n	et ass	ets						158,467	158,467
	Net assets at begi								840,674	 840,674
	Net assets at end	of yea	r					\$	999,141	\$ 999,141

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

JUNE 30, 2009

		General Fund		
ASSETS	•	0.007.444		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	2,097,441 5,219		

Total assets	\$	2,102,660		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Due to the District School Board of Lake County, Florida	\$	868,110		
Total liabilities		868,110		
Fund balance:				
Reserved for:				
Capital projects		59,885		
Unreserved:		4 474 005		
Undesignated	****	1,174,665		
Total fund balance	***************************************	1,234,550		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,102,660		

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2009

Total fund balance - total governmental fund

\$ 1,234,550

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental fund. The cost of the assets is \$188,895, and the accumulated depreciation is \$185,827.

3,068

Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund.

(238,477)

Total net assets - governmental activities

\$ 999,141

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

REVENUES	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Federal sources passed through			
local school district	\$ -	\$ 287,200	\$ 287,200
State and local sources	3,952,865	-	3,952,865
Contributions and other revenue	112,201		112,201
Total revenues	4,065,066	287,200	4,352,266
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	2,309,787	230,957	2,540,744
Pupil personnel services	198,183	38,360	236,543
Instructional media	69,418	-	69,418
Curriculum development	86,323	7,940	94,263
Instructional staff training	15,859	3,889	19,748
Board	19,866	-	19,866
School administration	485,949	4,916	490,865
Food services	2,580	-	2,580
Pupil transportation services	273,533	-	273,533
Operation of plant	310,778		310,778
Community services	108,221	1,138	109,359
Total expenditures	3,880,497_	287,200	4,167,697
Net changes in fund balances	184,569	-	184,569
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,049,981	-	1,049,981
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,234,550	\$	\$ 1,234,550

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 184,569
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount b of depreciation expense in the current period.	(3,574)
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 (22,528)

\$

158,467

Change in net assets of governmental activities

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc. (the "School") is a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, the Florida Not-For-Profit Corporation Act and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The governing body of the School is the not-for-profit corporation Board of Directors, which is composed of no less than three and no more than fifteen members. Effective July 1, 1998, the School converted from a public school to a charter school.

The general operating authority of the School is contained in Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes. The School operates under a charter of the sponsoring school district, the District School Board of Lake County, Florida (the "School Board"). The current charter is effective until June 30, 2022 and may be renewed by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter. In this case, the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. In the event of termination of the charter, any property purchased by the School with public funds and any unencumbered public funds revert back to the School Board. The School is considered a component unit of the School Board and meets the definition of a governmental entity under the *Audit and Accounting Guide – State and Local Governments* issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; therefore, for financial reporting purposes, the School is required to follow generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governmental units.

Criteria for determining if other entities are potential component units of the School which should be reported with the School's basic financial statements are identified and described in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Sections 2100 and 2600. The application of these criteria provides for identification of any entities for which the School is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the School's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, no component units are included within the reporting entity of the School.

Basis of presentation

The School's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Accordingly, both government-wide and fund financial statements are presented.

The government-wide financial statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The government-wide financial statements of the School are generally divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities most of the School's basic services are included here, such as instruction and school administration. Funds received through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities in certain instances, the School may charge fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The School currently has no business-type activities.
- Component units there currently are no component units included within the reporting entity
 of the School.

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. A fund is an accounting entity having a self-balancing set of accounts for recording assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The funds in the financial statements of this report are as follows:

Governmental Funds:

- General Fund to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- <u>Special Revenue Fund</u> to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and federal grants that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditure for specific purposes.

For purposes of these statements, the general and special revenue funds constitute major funds. There are no other governmental funds.

Basis of accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses/expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and an economic resources focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are recognized when they occur.

The modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources focus is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. The principal exceptions to this general rule are: (1) interest on general long-term debt is recognized

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

when due and (2) expenditures related to liabilities reported as general long-term debt are recognized when due.

Budgetary basis accounting

Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g., salaries, purchased services and capital outlay).

Deposits and investments

Cash deposits are held by banks qualified as public depositories under Florida law. All deposits are insured by federal depository insurance and collateralized with securities held in Florida's multiple financial institution collateral pool as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The School's cash consists primarily of demand deposits with financial institutions.

Capital assets and depreciation

Expenditures for capital assets acquired for general School purposes are reported in the governmental fund that financed the acquisition. Purchased capital assets are reported at cost, net of accumulated depreciation, in the government-wide financial statements. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 - 5

Information relative to changes in capital assets is described in Note 3.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences (i.e. paid absences for employee vacation leave and sick leave) are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds when leave is used or when accrued as payable to employees entitled to cash payment in lieu of taking leave. In the government-wide financial statements, compensated absences are recorded as an expense when earned by the employees. The liability for compensated absences is classified as current in the government-wide financial statements because the amount of vacation and sick time to be used after the following year cannot be reasonably estimated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Revenue sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District School Board of Lake County, Florida pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. As such, the School's revenue stream is largely dependent upon the general state of the economy and the amounts allotted to the Florida Department of Education ("FDOE") by state legislature. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33(18), Florida Statutes, the School reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the School Board.

Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the School Board reports the number of full-time equivalent students and related data to the FDOE for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program ("FEFP"). Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. The School Board receives a 5% administrative fee from the School, which is reflected as a school administration expense/expenditure in the accompanying statement of activities and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds. This administrative fee is calculated on the FEFP revenue and remitted to the School Board up to the first 500 students. For amounts calculated beyond the first 500 students, the 5% administrative fee is retained by the School and is restricted for capital outlay expenditures. As of June 30, 2009, the School had restricted funds for this purpose in the amount of \$59,885.

The School also receives federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. This assistance is generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred.

Use of estimates

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the balance sheet and affect revenues and expenses/expenditures for the period presented. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

2 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable included in the accompanying statement of net assets and balance sheet – governmental fund include \$5,219 due from the School Board. Based on the collectibility of funds from this source, an allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3 CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:		***************************************		
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$ 188,895	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 188,895
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(182,253)	(3,574)	***	(185,827)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,642	\$ (3,574)	\$ -	\$ 3,068

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 3,225
School administration	 349
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 3,574

4 DUE TO THE SCHOOL BOARD

Amounts due to the School Board total \$868,110 as of June 30, 2009, which is comprised of payroll expenses paid by the School Board on behalf of the School.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

5 SCHEDULE OF STATE AND LOCAL REVENUE SOURCES

The following is a schedule of state and local revenue sources and amounts:

District School	ol Board	of Lake	County,	Florida:
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Florida Education Finance Program	\$ 2,375,757
Class size reduction	646,073
ESE guaranteed allocation	196,071
Transportation	176,367
Discretionary local effort	157,396
Supplemental academic instruction	148,010
Discretionary millage funds	97,338
Pre-school project	67,318
Instructional materials	57,584
Discretionary lottery funds	14,188
Safe schools	13,131
Teacher lead	3,632
Total	\$ 3,952,865

The administration fee paid to the School Board during the year ended June 30, 2009 totaled approximately \$155,000, which is reflected as a school administration expense/expenditure in the accompanying statement of activities and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – governmental funds.

6 CAMPUS FACILITY

Title to the school building and facilities and other capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 1998 remains with the School Board. Florida Statutes provide that the use of the school building and facilities be furnished to charter schools on the same basis as made available to other public schools in the district. No rental or leasing fee may be charged by the district school board to the charter school or to the parents and teachers who organize the charter school.

In management's opinion, the value of facilities utilized by the School is significant; therefore, any substantial changes in Florida Statutes related to facilities use by conversion schools could have a material effect on the School's operations.

7 RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Workers' compensation coverage, health and hospitalization, general liability, professional liability and property coverages are being provided through purchased commercial insurance with minimum deductibles for each line of coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have historically not exceeded commercial coverage.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

8 RETIREMENT PROGRAM

Defined benefit plan

All regular employees of the School are covered by the Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS is primarily a State-administered, cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit retirement plan (Plan). Plan provisions are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and Florida Retirement System Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code, wherein eligibility, contributions and benefits are defined and described in detail. Essentially all regular employees of participating employers are eligible and must enroll as members of the FRS. Benefits in the Plan vest at six years of service. The Plan also includes an early retirement provision, but imposes a penalty for each year a member retires before the specified retirement age.

The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments, as well as supplements for certain employees to cover social security benefits lost by virtue of retirement system membership.

A Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer. An employee may participate in the DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust and accrue interest.

Funding policy

The contribution rates for members are established, and may be amended, by the State of Florida. During the 2009 fiscal year, contribution rates were as follows:

	Percent of Gross Salary				
Class or Plan	Employee	Employer (A)			
Florida Retirement System, Regular	0%	9.85%			
Florida Retirement System, Reemployed Retiree	(B)	(B)			

- (A) Employer rates include 1.11% for the post-employment health insurance supplement and 0.05% for administrative costs of the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program.
- (B) Contribution rates are dependent upon the retirement class in which reemployed.

The School's liability for participation in the Plan is limited to the payment of the required contribution at the rates and frequencies established by law on future payrolls of the School. The School's contribution to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2009 totaled approximately \$210,000, which was equal to the required contributions for the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Defined contribution plan

Effective July 1, 2002, the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program ("PEORP") was implemented as a defined contribution plan alternative available to all FRS members in lieu of the defined benefit plan. Employer contributions are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. The PEORP is funded by employer contributions that are based on salary and membership class (i.e.: regular class, reemployed retiree, etc.). Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices.

9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grants

The School participates in state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the School has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable as of June 30, 2009 may be impaired.

In the opinion of the School, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Legal matters

In the normal course of conducting its operations, the School occasionally becomes party to various legal actions and proceedings. The School has not legal actions pending at June 30, 2009.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Basis)		
REVENUES					
State and local sources	\$ 4,165,519	\$ 3,952,867	\$ 3,952,865	\$ (2)	
Contributions and other revenue	130,706	112,201	112,201	-	
Total revenues	4,296,225	4,065,068	4,065,066	(2)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	2,475,691	2,503,850	2,309,787	194,063	
Pupil personnel services	193,290	216,535	198,183	18,352	
Instructional media	84,176	80,600	69,418	11,182	
Curriculum development	88,425	89,725	86,323	3,402	
Instructional staff training	23,100	26,900	15,859	11,041	
Board	36,300	36,300	19,866	16,434	
School administration	519,536	515,613	485,949	29,664	
Food services	2,700	2,700	2,580	120	
Pupil transportation services	344,217	337,650	273,533	64,117	
Operation of plant	378,145	381,145	310,778	70,367	
Community services	112,896	112,741	108,221	4,520	
Capital outlay	54,251	55,361	-	55,361	
Total expenditures	4,312,727	4,359,120	3,880,497	478,623	
Net change in fund balance	(16,502)	(294,052)	184,569	478,621	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,049,981	1,049,981	1,049,981	••	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,033,479	\$ 755,929	\$ 1,234,550	\$ 478,621	

See the report of independent auditor.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	Original Final			_	Basis)		legative)	
REVENUES Federal sources passed through local school district	\$	295,068	\$	331,393	\$	287,200	\$	(44,193)
Total revenues		295,068		331,393		287,200		(44,193)
EXPENDITURES Current: Instruction Pupil personnel services Curriculum development Instructional staff training School administration Community services		192,497 42,033 13,456 23,448 23,634		248,323 40,004 10,118 11,807 19,505 1,636		230,957 38,360 7,940 3,889 4,916 1,138		17,366 1,644 2,178 7,918 14,589 498
•		205.000						
Total expenditures		295,068		331,393		287,200		44,193
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		_		-		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-



Report of Independent Auditor's on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors of Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc., a Charter School And Component Unit of the District School Board of Lake County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc. (the "School"), a charter school and component unit of the District School Board of Lake County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the School's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the School's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the School's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the School's internal control.



Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management of the School, the District School Board of Lake County, Florida, the Florida Department of Education and the Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Winter Park, Florida

BKHM P.A.

September 25, 2009

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULES OF THE FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL, CHAPTER 10.850, AUDITS OF CHARTER SCHOOLS AND SIMILAR ENTITIES



To the Board of Directors of Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc.

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc. (the "School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2009.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters. Disclosures in that report, which is dated September 25, 2009, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General, which governs the conduct of charter school and similar entity audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditor's reports:

- ➤ Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the prior year.
- ➤ Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.
- ➤ Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address violations of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.
- Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, provides that the auditor may, based on professional judgment, report the following matters that are inconsequential to the determination of financial statement amounts, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations of laws, regulations, contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, and (2) control deficiencies that are not significant deficiencies, including, but not limited to (a) improper or inadequate accounting procedures (e.g., the omission of required disclosures from the annual financial statements); (b) failures to properly record financial transactions; and (c) inaccuracies,

shortages, defalcations, and instances of fraud discovered by, or that come to the attention of, the auditor. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

- ➤ Section 10.854(1)(e)6, Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the School. The name of the School is Spring Creek Elementary School, Inc.
- ➤ Section 10.854(1)(e)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition met. During the course of our audit, nothing came to our attention to indicate that the School had met any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes ("the conditions"). However, in planning and performing our audit, we considered whether the School had met any of the conditions as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the School had met any of the conditions. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion as to whether the School had met any of the conditions.
- ▶ Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(3)7.a. and 10.855(10), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures as of June 30, 2009, which included calculation and analysis of certain financial indicators we considered relevant to the School. Our financial condition assessment procedures did not include the use of benchmarks. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by management.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors and the Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Winter Park, Florida September 25, 2009

BKHM, P.A.